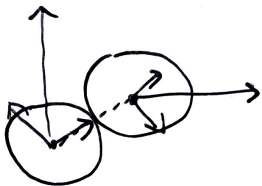


Project Gas Simulator

① Detect collision in a time iteration



② If collision detected :

a. ~~Go back~~ For next time itr, mark particles which had collided

b. In next iteration, resolve x and y velocities along line of collision and \perp to it

c. Do momentum conserv. and calculate new velocities

d. Update x and y coordinates

\Rightarrow Detect collision by particle dist. less than sum of radii

\Rightarrow Make the position discretization very small (low vel.) and have high vel. in animation

◦ Functionalities to have

- ① Heat conduction
 - ↳ wall temperature (or region)
- ② Diffusion
- ③ Fluid flow
 - ↳ custom walls and obstacles
 - ↳ fluid dynamics (like nozzle flow)
- ④ Chemical reaction
 - ↳ vibrational relaxation
 - ↳ unimolecular reactions

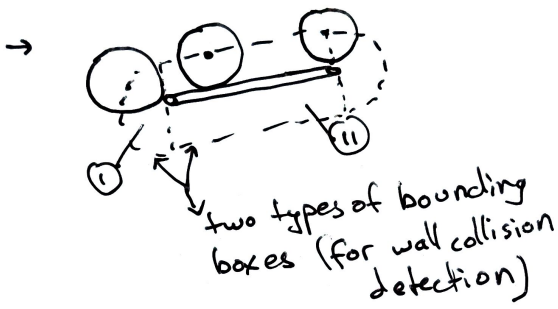
◦ Next steps

- ✓ Add varying particle sizes
- ✓ Add colored particles
- ✓ Add inside walls
 - Add heater walls and space
- Add gravity
- Add association reactions
- Check physics

◦ Side Notes

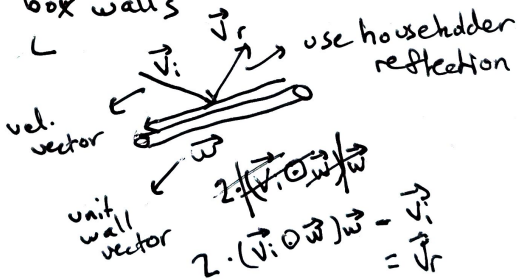
- Use in polygon function to gen. random pts. enclosed in a polygon region
- ✓ Find faster method to detect inter-particle collision (to remove 2 nested for loops)

The wall collision issue



→ Treat (i) by considering fixed wall edge point (reutilize velocity)

→ Treat (ii) by a similar method as in box walls



The wall collision jitter issue



✓ Create another wall collision flag matrix

Issues to solve

- ✓ ① Find faster method to detect inter-particle collision
- ✓ ② Solve issue of changing discretization of speed (high speed particle pass through wall) → speed up animation at low speeds

The reactive gas

→ Make an array isMolecule to store info on atoms constituting a specific molecule

ex.: $[0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 2, 2, 0, \dots]$

→ When rel. vel. along L-O-C is greater than threshold: identify molecule formation

↳ keep switching vel. directions^{mag.} of || vel. vectors of atoms between

OO and OO events

[swap between vel. state of particles before and after collision]

→ Initially, wait till all particles are in a separated position

The wind tunnel mode ✓ Fix mode

[Also see hash grid!! : divide and rule]

✓  \rightarrow 6C_2 vs. $({}^3C_2) \times 2$

✓ [Fix quantum tunnelling problem!]

\rightarrow decrease time step: a simple soln.

[Fix molecule dissociation issue]

✓ \rightarrow ① use hash only for non-reactive gas

\rightarrow ② increase range of neighbouring cells while collision checking
(1 \rightarrow 2) (1 \rightarrow 3)

Fix: ✓ quantum tunneling when gas is reactive ✓ of molecules

\rightarrow inside wall collision force should be transmitted to both atoms of a molecule if they are in contact

✓ \rightarrow add x and y update like box wall

Hash grid implementation [v16]

→ cell size : \rightarrow [works better than 2 for loops for large no. of particles]

cell-nos size = $\text{floor}(L / \text{part-dia})$

cell-size = $L / \text{cell-nos}$


→ nPart = 1000
size = 2
box-xmax = box-ymax = 100
time = 1000

Existing : 9.52 sec.

Hash grid : 2.33 sec. !!

→ See how to implement hash grid with 2 particles with diff. sizes

→ Take cell size to be = max particle dia

→ Create 3D lookup:  stacks particles

→ create 2D ctr array to store and update indices for 3D lookup as particles fill in

Fluid flow feature

→ Fix jitter: 01 when
Inside wall active

↳ jitter matrix conflicting
with X/y update of inside wall